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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/682,443	10/09/2003	William F. Getgey	GET / 07	9799	
	7590 04/19/2007 ON & EVANS, LLP		EXAMINER RUNNING, RACHEL A		
2700 CAREW 7	TOWER				
441 VINE STR CINCINNATI,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		•	3732		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO!	VHL	04/19/2007	DADED		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/682,443	GETGEY ET AL.				
Office Action Sumn	nary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Rachel A. Running	3732				
The MAILING DATE of this of Period for Reply	communication appo	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM Extensions of time may be available under the after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of If NO period for reply is specified above, the Failure to reply within the set or extended perion Any reply received by the Office later than thre earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR	THE MAILING DA provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 If this communication. paximum statutory period will be for reply will, by statute, the months after the mailing	TE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply b Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•					
1) Responsive to communication	on(s) filed on <i>05 Ma</i>	arch 2007.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL .		action is non-final.					
<u> </u>							
,		k parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11					
Disposition of Claims	·						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-12,14-21,23-26,3</u>	2-36.39-42 and 48	-50 is/are pending in the appli	cation.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>27-31 and 43-47</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allower	·						
6) Claim(s) 1-12,14-21,23-26,3	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-12,14-21,23-26,32-36,39-42 and 48-50</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are object	_						
8) Claim(s) are subject	o restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected	to by the Examiner		•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on	_ is/are: a)□ acce	pted or b) objected to by the	e Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that	any objection to the o	lrawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(á).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s)	including the correction	on is required if the drawing(s) is	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is ob	jected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Off	ice Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
•	ne of: priority documents priority documents copies of the priori ternational Bureau	have been received. have been received in Applic ty documents have been rece (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	ary (PTO-413) il Date				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 4-6, 8, 9, 32, 36, 39, 48, and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Murayama (US Re. 35,712).

Murayama discloses an elongated body (14) having opposed first and second ends, a hollow portion, a power supply (18), a replaceable flosser head (12) having a base removably connected to the first end of the elongated body (see Figures 1A and 1B; column 5, lines 1-15). The tines extend generally perpendicularly relative to the longitudinal axis (see Figure 1B). A yoke extending from the base of the flosser head having a pair of spaced tines (31) between which a piece of flexible floss (32) is held (see Figures 1A and 1B). The power supply includes a motor (18) and a battery (20), wherein a pin (28) extends upwardly from the first end and is coupled to the motor (see Figure 2A; column 5, lines 10-15). The motor oscillates at a frequency of 2000 to 3000 cycles per minute (column 3, lines 25-35). The flosser head comprises a base that has a receptacle to receive the pin (see Figures 3A and 3B). The pin defines a vertical axis about which the flosser head oscillates, but the piece of floss does not pass through (see Figure 2A). A locking mechanism (34) is used for removably securing the flossing head to the body (column 6, lines 35-40). The drive mechanism for the motor is located

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within the handle portion. The method of flossing teeth is understood that Murayama would have had to activate the motorized flosser and press the length of floss material between two teeth to floss the user's teeth.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2, 12, 14-19, 21, 23-25, 33, 40-42, and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murayama in view of Carter (US 5,865,195).

Murayama discloses the claimed invention except for the flosser head having a flexible toothpaste holder with a generally truncated conical shape.

Carter teaches a dental device with a flexible toothpaste holder (50) located at the head of the device with a generally truncated conical shape that is made from plastic (see Figure 3; column 4, lines 15-20). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the dental flosser of Murayama with a flexible toothpaste holder located at the head of the device as taught by Carter to provide an increased resistance to tooth decay.

5. Claims 3, 7, 20, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murayama in view of Carter as applied to claims 1, 12 and 21 above, and further in view of Ali et al (US 5,799,674).

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The combination of Murayama and Carter disclose the claimed invention except for a bite pad secured to the first end of the body.

Ali et al. teach a flossing device with a bite pad (62) secured to the first end of the body (see Figure 1; column 3, lines 30-35). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the flossing device of Murayama and Carter with a bite pad as taught by Ali et al. in order to reduce movement of the shaft when the shaft is inserted into the mouth.

6. Claims 10, 11, 34, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murayama.

Murayama discloses the claimed invention except for the flosser head oscillating through an arch of between 30 and 75 degrees and approximately 60 degrees. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the head oscillating through an arc of 60 degrees, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed March 3, 2007 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rachel A. Running whose telephone number is (571) 272-1917. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cris Rodriguez can be reached on (571) 272-4964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Todd E. Manahan Primary Examiner Rachel A. Running

Examiner

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